

## History of Rome - Roman Republic Timeline

Timeline Dates	Timeline of Important Events and Dates in the Roman Republic	Latin Authors in <i>ILR v. I</i>
509 BC	Rome replaced the Etruscan rulers with a Republic during the History of Rome. The revolt was led by Lucius Junius Brutus who became the founder of the Roman Republic and traditionally one of the first Consuls of Rome	
501 BC	Appointment of the first-ever dictator, T. Larcus	
494 BC	First Secession of the Plebs in Rome. Creation of the Tribune of the Plebs	
451-449.	The Decemvirate formed - a body of 10 magistrates and establishes The Code of the Twelve Tables.	
445 BC	Law passed by a tribune named Canuleius, the lex Canuleia, replacing the consuls with military tribunes with consular powers	
428 BC	Rome conquers Fidenae.	
390 BC	Galic invasion of Italy and the Destruction of Rome by the Gauls	
343-341 BC	The Roman Republic fights the 1st Samnite War	
326-304 BC	The Roman Republic fights the 2nd Samnite War	
298 to 290 BC	The Roman Republic fights the 3rd Samnite War	
282 - 275 BC	War against King Phyrus of Epirus.	
264 BC	Introduction of gladiator 'games' in Rome	
264-146	The Punic Wars - a series of three wars fought between Rome and Carthage by the Roman Republic 260 BC Rome builds its first major fleet 202 BC Battle of Zama, Scipio defeats Hannibal	
215 to 148 BC	Macedonian Wars (Four Wars) with Northern Greece	
146 BC	The consul Lucius Mummius razes Corinth, marking the end of free Greece. Third Punic War, Scipio Aemilianus destroys Carthage.	
135 - 132 BC	Slave revolts in Sicily. (1st Servile War).	
133-132 BC	The tribune Tiberius Gracchus unleashes the mob with promises of food and lands. He is murdered by members of the senate whose wealth and power is threatened	
112-105 BC	The Jugurthine War with Numidia.	
104 - 100 BC	Second Sicilian slave war (2nd Servile War).	
107 BC	Consul Gaius Marius makes dramatic reforms to the Roman army.	

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91 BC	Drusus, another tribune proposing reforms, is murdered in Rome, triggering the Social War. Second Sicilian Slave war ended by Roman general Manius Aquillius.	
90BC	Civil War in Rome	
88 BC	Sulla marches on Rome and becomes Dictator	
78 BC	Death of Sulla	
75 BC	Julius Caesar captured by pirates	
73 BC	Outbreak of Third Servile War, led by the slave and gladiator Spartacus	
71 BC	Revolt of Spartacus crushed by Pompey and Crassus	
70 BC	Crassus and Pompey become joint consuls of the Roman Republic	
63 BC	Cicero becomes consul. Catilinarian Conspiracy.	
59 BC	Julius Caesar becomes consul an important event in the History of Rome	
59 - 53BC	Pompey, Marcus Licinius Crassus Gaius Julius Caesar dominate the Late Roman Republic through a political alliance often called the First Triumvirate	
58 BC	Julius Caesar campaigns in Gaul	
55 BC	Julius Caesar attempts to invade Britain and succeeds in 54 BC	
49 BC	Caesar's army crosses the Rubicon and Civil War begins between Caesar and the Republican forces of Pompey. Julius Caesar is victorious, becomes dictator of the Roman Republic.	
47 BC	Caesar invades Egypt and appoints Cleopatra queen	
44 BC	Julius Caesar is assassinated; Marcus Antony controls Rome	
43 BC	The Second Triumvirate established in the Roman Republic with Lepidus, Octavian (Julius Caesar's adoptive son) and Marc Antony. Proscriptions (death of Cicero).	
42 BC	Battle of Phillipi.	
31 BC	Battle of Actium, Octavian defeats Marc Antony and Cleopatra	
27 BC	Octavian, became, as Augustus Caesar, the first emperor of Rome and the Roman Republic comes to an end.	
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